

§ 1055. Authorization of appropriations

Such sums as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter are hereby authorized to be appropriated.

(Pub. L. 91-597, § 27, Dec. 29, 1970, 84 Stat. 1635.)

§ 1056. Separability

If any provision of this chapter or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of the chapter and of the application of such provision to other persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

(Pub. L. 91-597, § 28, Dec. 29, 1970, 84 Stat. 1635.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

This chapter, referred to in text, was in the original “this Act”, meaning Pub. L. 91-597, Dec. 29, 1970, 84 Stat. 1620, as amended, which enacted this chapter, amended sections 633 and 636 of Title 15, Commerce and Trade, and enacted provisions set out as notes under section 1031 of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1031 of this title and Tables.

CHAPTER 16—DRUG ABUSE PREVENTION, TREATMENT, AND REHABILITATION**SUBCHAPTER I—GENERAL PROVISIONS**

Sec.

- 1101. Congressional findings.
- 1102. Congressional declaration of national policy.
- 1103, 1104. Repealed.

SUBCHAPTER II—DRUG ABUSE POLICY COORDINATION

- 1111 to 1114. Repealed.
- 1115. Notice relating to the control of dangerous drugs.
- 1116 to 1155. Repealed or Omitted.

SUBCHAPTER III—NATIONAL DRUG ABUSE STRATEGY

- 1161 to 1165. Repealed.

SUBCHAPTER IV—OTHER FEDERAL PROGRAMS

- 1171. Drug abuse prevention function appropriations.
- 1172 to 1176. Repealed, Transferred, or Omitted.
- 1177. Special project grants and contracts.
 - (a) Scope of programs; priority.
 - (b) Authorization of appropriations.
 - (c) Coordination of applications for programs in a State; precedence restriction; project evaluation; application approval; criteria; proposed performance standards or research protocol.
 - (d) Programs and projects aimed at underserved groups; encouragement and special consideration given to applications.
 - (e) Payments; advances; reimbursement; installments.
 - (f) Prevention and treatment services.
 - (g) Authorization by chief executive officer of State required; maximum amount and duration of grants.
- 1178. Records and audit.
 - (a) Assistance records; contents.
 - (b) Access to pertinent information for audit and examination.
- 1179. National Drug Abuse Training Center.
 - (a) Establishment; functions; general policies; transfer of supervision.

Sec.

- (b) Activities and material.
- (c) Persons eligible for services and facilities.
- (d) Authorization of appropriations; fiscal year availability.

1180. Transferred.

1181. Contract authority.

SUBCHAPTER V—NATIONAL INSTITUTE ON DRUG ABUSE

1191 to 1194. Transferred or Repealed.

CHAPTER REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This chapter is referred to in title 38 section 7334.

SUBCHAPTER I—GENERAL PROVISIONS**§ 1101. Congressional findings**

The Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Drug abuse is rapidly increasing in the United States and now afflicts urban, suburban, and rural areas of the Nation.

(2) Drug abuse seriously impairs individual, as well as societal, health and well-being.

(3) Drug abuse, especially heroin addiction, substantially contributes to crime.

(4) The adverse impact of drug abuse inflicts increasing pain and hardship on individuals, families, and communities and undermines our institutions.

(5) Too little is known about drug abuse, especially the causes, and ways to treat and prevent drug abuse.

(6) The success of Federal drug abuse programs and activities requires a recognition that education, treatment, rehabilitation, research, training, and law enforcement efforts are interrelated.

(7) The effectiveness of efforts by State and local governments and by the Federal Government to control and treat drug abuse in the United States has been hampered by a lack of coordination among the States, between States and localities, among the Federal Government, States and localities, and throughout the Federal establishment.

(8) Control of drug abuse requires the development of a comprehensive, coordinated long-term Federal strategy that encompasses both effective law enforcement against illegal drug traffic and effective health programs to rehabilitate victims of drug abuse.

(9) The increasing rate of drug abuse constitutes a serious and continuing threat to national health and welfare, requiring an immediate and effective response on the part of the Federal Government.

(10) Although the Congress observed a significant apparent reduction in the rate of increase of drug abuse during the three-year period subsequent to March 21, 1972, and in certain areas of the country apparent temporary reductions in its incidence, the increase and spread of heroin consumption since 1974, and the continuing abuse of other dangerous drugs, clearly indicate the need for effective, ongoing, and highly visible Federal leadership in the formation and execution of a comprehensive, coordinated drug abuse policy.

(11) Shifts in the usage of various drugs and in the Nation's demographic composition re-